



**PORT (TRADE)  
INFORMATION  
NOTICE**

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**SUBJECT: Wood Packaging Material Article on CBP.gov**

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**DISTRIBUTION: Importers, Brokers, Other Interested Parties, Service Port of Blaine, WA**

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**PURPOSE: Informational**

**Importers: Check Wood Packaging to Prevent Financial Loss**

07/01/2008

With pest-infested wood packaging materials a continuing presence at U.S. ports of entry, CBP is reminding importers to avoid potential losses by making sure that the material used to transport shipments is treated and marked in compliance with International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures No. 15 (ISPM 15) before it leaves the country of origin.

Aside from the risk that wood pests pose to the nation's agricultural system, the potential loss of time and money to importers who don't comply is significant, warns the agency, as CBP may reject shipments that are infested or accompanied by uncertified wood packaging. If importers try to send the shipment back to the point of origin for proper treatment and certification, re-shipment can take months.



Alternatively, if the importer attempts to export the infested shipment to another country, it may be rejected, as many other nations share our import standards in this area. Finally, if the importer abandons the shipment altogether, financial penalties result. And all of these scenarios can lead to factory shutdowns, late production penalties, and loss of business.

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Additionally, says CBP, importers must be careful to avoid fraudulent wood packaging material certifiers, who may stamp the wood as treated without actually making sure that the pests inside have been eradicated. Importers are responsible for the state of the wood regardless of whether its certification is false

This article, plus additional information on the Wood Packing Material issues can be accessed at the following internet address:

[http://www.cbp.gov/xp/cgov/trade/priority\\_trade/agriculture/wpm/wpm\\_prevent\\_loss.xml](http://www.cbp.gov/xp/cgov/trade/priority_trade/agriculture/wpm/wpm_prevent_loss.xml)

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***DISCLAIMER:** This information has been prepared for your convenience by the Customs and Border Protection office at Blaine, Washington. This material is intended to provide guidance. Recognizing that many complicated factors are involved in Customs matters, an importer may wish to obtain a binding ruling under 19 CFR Part 177. Reliance solely on this information may not be considered reasonable care. Importers are referred to Treasury Decision 97-96, which was published in the **Federal Register** of December 4, 1997, and in the **Customs Bulletin** of December 17, 1997, for in-depth information on the concept of reasonable care.*

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